

ASSIGNMENT #5: due Friday, April 1st

ABSOLUTE MAGNITUDE AND H-R DIAGRAM

Apparent magnitude (bolometric, i.e., integrated over all wavelengths or frequencies):

$$m = -2.5 \log_{10} f + ZP$$

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observed at the
detector

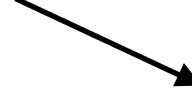
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system; it depends on the units of f
and on the calibration source used
to define the magnitude system

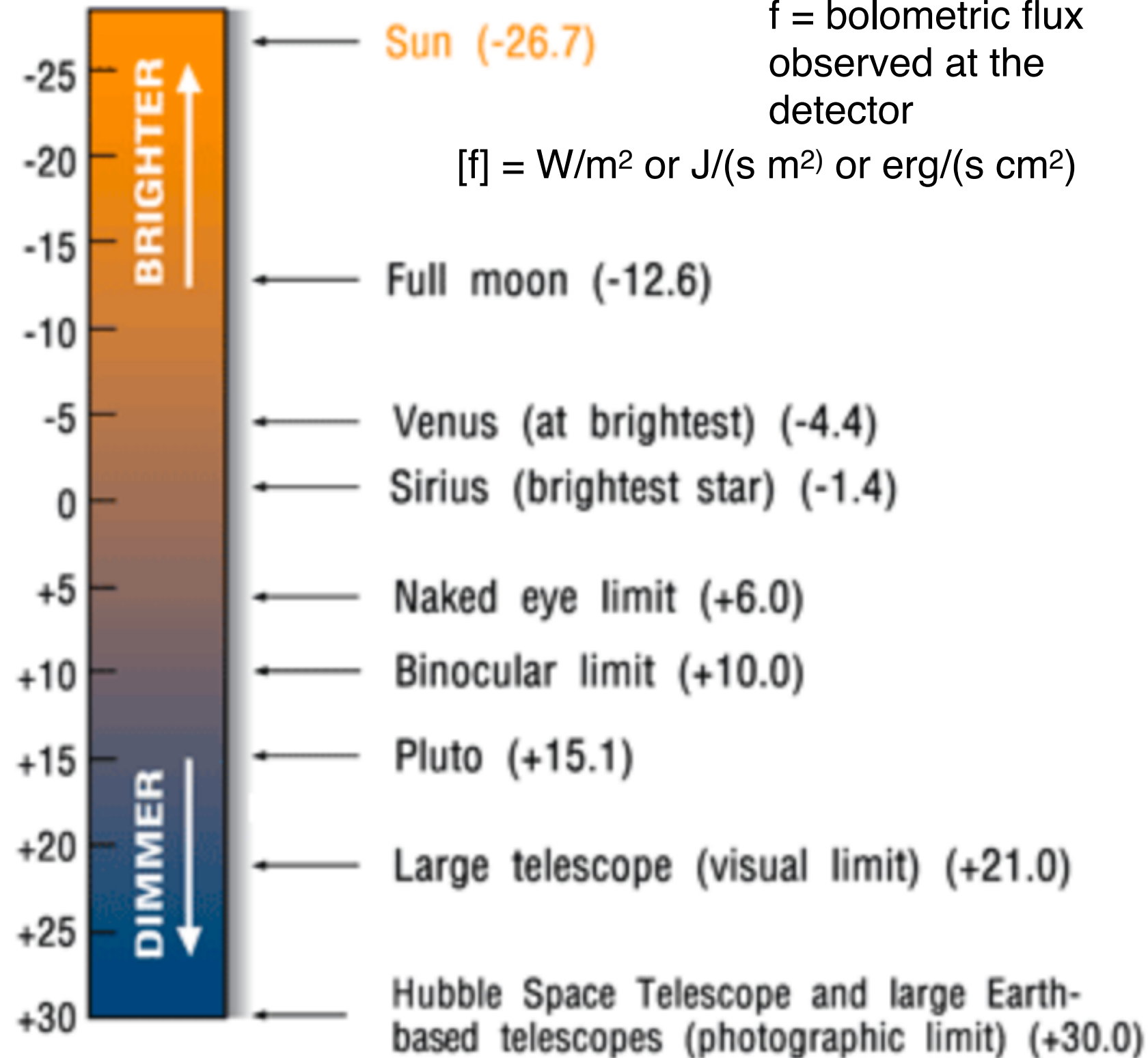
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Bolometric luminosity: $L = 4\pi d^2 f$

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$$M = -2.5 \log \frac{L}{4\pi(10pc)^2} + ZP = -2.5 \log \left(\frac{d}{10pc} \right)^2 f + ZP$$

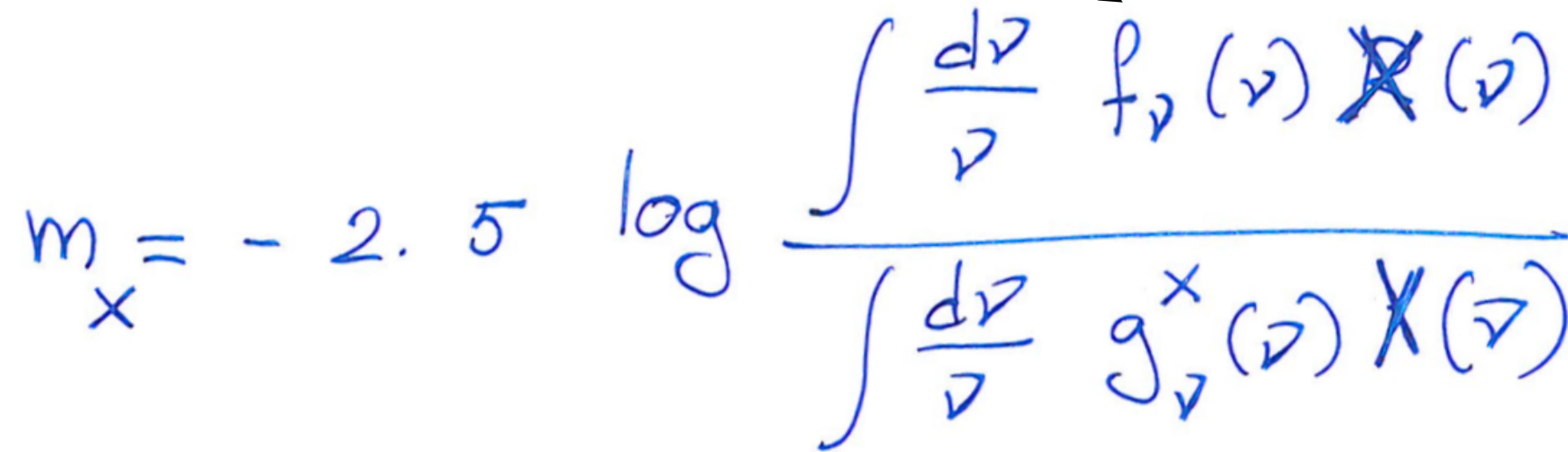
This is bolometric (because f is the integral over all frequencies or wavelengths)

AB magnitude system

$$m_x = -2.5 \log \frac{\int \frac{d\nu}{\nu} f_\nu(\nu) \cancel{X(\nu)}}{\int \frac{d\nu}{\nu} g_\nu^x(\nu) \cancel{X(\nu)}}$$

AB magnitude system

Flux density of the source
[energy / (area * time * frequency)]
[erg/(s cm² Hz)]


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Filter transmission curve

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Filter transmission curve

Spectral density of flux for the standard/calibration source. For the Vega magnitude system, this is the flux density of the star Vega. For the AB magnitude system:

$$g_\nu^{AB}(\nu) = 3631 \text{ Jy} = 3631 \times 10^{-26} \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2 \text{ Hz}} = 3631 \times 10^{-23} \frac{\text{erg}}{\text{s cm}^2 \text{ Hz}}$$

$$\Rightarrow m_X^{AB} = -2.5 \log \frac{\int \frac{d\nu}{\nu} f_\nu(\nu) X(\nu)}{\int \frac{d\nu}{\nu} X(\nu)} - 48.6$$

Apparent magnitude in
the filter X in AB mag

$$\underline{\underline{IF}} \left[f_\nu(\nu) \right] = \frac{\text{erg}}{\text{s cm}^2 \text{ Hz}}$$

$$M_X^{AB} = -2.5 \log \frac{\int \frac{d\nu}{\nu} \frac{L_\nu(\nu)}{4\pi (10 \text{ pc})^2} X(\nu)}{\int \frac{d\nu}{\nu} X(\nu)} - 48.6$$

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Absolute magnitude in the filter X in AB mag

NOTE: the templates in Assignment #5 already provide

$$\frac{L_\lambda(\lambda)}{4\pi(10\text{pc})^2} = f_\lambda @ d = 10\text{pc}$$



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SUN: $M_V=4.8$, $T_{\text{eff}}=5800 \text{ K}$, Type=G2V

Blackbody flux density:

$$F_\nu = \frac{2\pi h \nu^3}{c^2} \frac{1}{e^{h\nu/KT} - 1} = f(\nu, T)$$

$\frac{\text{erg}}{\text{s cm}^2 \text{Hz}}$

w/ $h = 6.62606885 \times 10^{-27} \text{ erg/s}$

$c = 2.99792458 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm/s}$

$k = 1.38064852 \times 10^{-16} \text{ erg/K}$

Table.dat

#	FILENAME	SpectralType	LumClass	T_eff[K]
	pickles_uk_1	O5	V	39810.7
	pickles_uk_2	O9	V	35481.4
	pickles_uk_3	B0	V	28183.8
	pickles_uk_4	B1	V	22387.2
	pickles_uk_5	B3	V	19054.6
	pickles_uk_6	B6	V	14125.4
	pickles_uk_7	B8	V	11749.0
	pickles_uk_9	A0	V	9549.93
	pickles_uk_10	A2	V	8912.51
	pickles_uk_11	A3	V	8790.23
	pickles_uk_12	A5	V	8491.80
	pickles_uk_14	F0	V	7211.08
	pickles_uk_15	F2	V	6776.42
	pickles_uk_16	F5	V	6531.31
	pickles_uk_20	F8	V	6039.48
	pickles_uk_23	G0	V	5807.64
	pickles_uk_26	G2	V	5636.38
	pickles_uk_27	G5	V	5584.70
	pickles_uk_30	G8	V	5333.35
	pickles_uk_31	K0	V	5188.00
	pickles_uk_33	K2	V	4886.52

pickles_uk_8.ascii

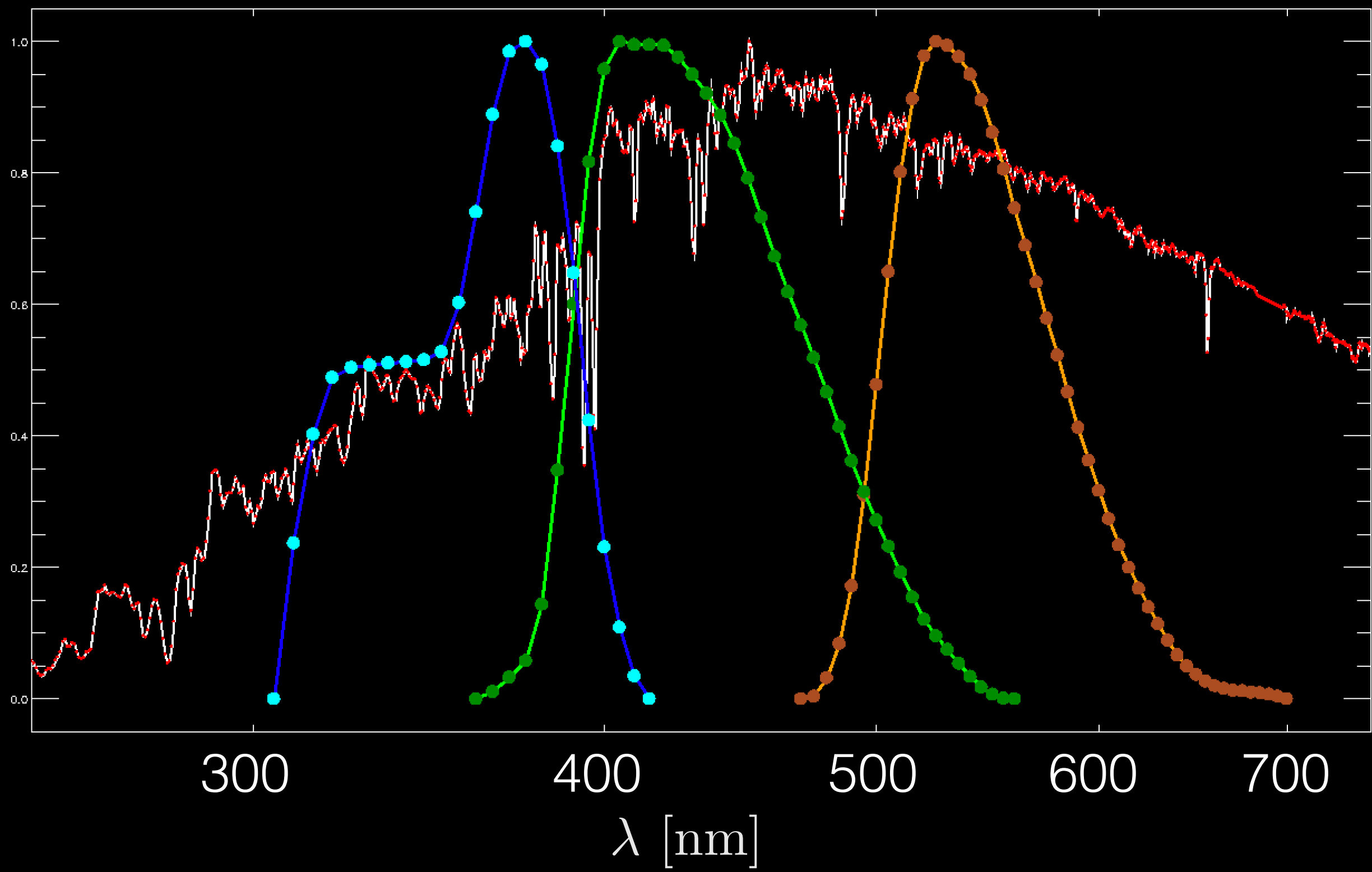
# Wavelength is in Angstrom	
# Fluxes are tabulated in units of erg/s/cm^2/A @ d=10pc	
# wavelength	flux
1.150000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.155000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.160000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.165000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.170000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.175000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.180000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.185000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.190000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.195000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.200000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.205000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.210000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.215000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.220000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.225000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.230000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.235000E+03	0.000000E+00
1.240000E+03	0.000000E+00

V155 filter

#	47 REST_FRAME/maiz-apellaniz_Johnson_V.res 2006AJ....131.1184M lambda_c= 5.4794e+03 AB-Vega= 0.002 w95=1369.1	
1	4.70000e+03	0.00000e+00
2	4.75000e+03	4.00000e-03
3	4.80000e+03	3.20000e-02
4	4.85000e+03	8.40000e-02
5	4.90000e+03	1.72000e-01
6	4.95000e+03	3.10000e-01
7	5.00000e+03	4.78000e-01
8	5.05000e+03	6.50000e-01
9	5.10000e+03	8.02000e-01
10	5.15000e+03	9.13000e-01
11	5.20000e+03	9.78000e-01
12	5.25000e+03	1.00000e+00
13	5.30000e+03	9.94000e-01
14	5.35000e+03	9.77000e-01
15	5.40000e+03	9.50000e-01
16	5.45000e+03	9.11000e-01
17	5.50000e+03	8.62000e-01
18	5.55000e+03	8.06000e-01
19	5.60000e+03	7.47000e-01
20	5.65000e+03	6.90000e-01

columns to add after calculating magnitudes/colors

#	template	type	class	temp[K]	M_V[AB]	M_B[AB]	M_U[AB]	U-B[AB]	B-V[AB]
	pickles_uk_1	05	V	39810.70	-5.400	-5.893	-6.212	-0.319	-0.493
	pickles_uk_2	09	V	35481.40	-4.000	-4.444	-4.717	-0.273	-0.444
	pickles_uk_3	B0	V	28183.80	-3.700	-4.155	-4.352	-0.198	-0.455
	pickles_uk_4	B1	V	22387.20	-3.200	-3.556	-3.663	-0.107	-0.356
	pickles_uk_5	B3	V	19054.60	-2.100	-2.413	-2.274	0.139	-0.313
	pickles_uk_6	B57	V	14125.40	-0.700	-0.951	-0.550	0.401	-0.251
	pickles_uk_7	B8	V	11749.00	0.000	-0.220	0.371	0.591	-0.220
	pickles_uk_9	A0	V	9549.93	0.600	0.504	1.357	0.854	-0.096
	pickles_uk_10	A2	V	8912.51	1.100	1.018	1.920	0.902	-0.082
	pickles_uk_11	A3	V	8790.23	1.400	1.378	2.271	0.893	-0.022
	pickles_uk_12	A5	V	8491.80	1.900	1.943	2.860	0.917	0.043
	pickles_uk_14	F0	V	7211.08	2.600	2.794	3.683	0.889	0.194
	pickles_uk_15	F2	V	6776.42	2.900	3.187	4.026	0.840	0.287
	pickles_uk_16	F5	V	6531.31	3.400	3.750	4.565	0.815	0.350
	pickles_uk_20	F8	V	6039.48	3.900	4.335	5.251	0.916	0.435
	pickles_uk_23	G0	V	5807.64	4.300	4.764	5.747	0.983	0.464
	pickles_uk_26	G2	V	5636.38	4.700	5.227	6.268	1.040	0.527
	pickles_uk_27	G5	V	5584.70	5.200	5.781	6.916	1.136	0.581
	pickles_uk_30	G8	V	5333.35	5.600	6.247	7.483	1.236	0.647
	pickles_uk_31	K0	V	5188.00	5.900	6.566	7.865	1.299	0.666
	pickles_uk_33	K2	V	4886.52	6.400	7.221	8.741	1.521	0.821
	pickles_uk_36	K5	V	4187.94	7.200	8.307	10.334	2.027	1.107
	pickles_uk_37	K7	V	3999.45	7.900	9.171	11.161	1.989	1.271
	pickles_uk_38	M0	V	3801.89	9.000	10.223	12.312	2.089	1.223
	pickles_uk_40	M2	V	3548.13	11.200	12.539	14.503	1.964	1.339
	pickles_uk_43	M4	V	3111.72	13.400	14.895	17.218	2.323	1.495
	pickles_uk_44	M5	V	2951.21	14.600	16.165	18.404	2.239	1.565
	pickles_uk_46	B2	IV	19952.60	-3.400	-3.815	-3.884	-0.069	-0.415



$$\vec{\lambda}_{\text{filter}} = [\lambda_1^v, \lambda_2^v, \dots, \lambda_N^v] \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} \text{filter table}$$

$$\vec{\lambda}^* = [\lambda_1^*, \lambda_2^*, \dots, \lambda_M^*] \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} \text{star spectrum/template}$$

$$\vec{f}_\lambda^* = \frac{L_\lambda(\lambda)}{4\pi(10\text{pc})^2} = [f_1^*, f_2^*, \dots, f_M^*]$$

$$M_x^{AB} = -2.5 \log \frac{\int_0^{\infty} \frac{d\nu}{\nu} \frac{L_\nu(\nu)}{4\pi(10\text{pc})^2} T(\nu)}{\int_0^{\infty} \frac{d\nu}{\nu} T(\nu)} - 48.6$$

$$IF \left[\frac{L_\nu(\nu)}{4\pi(10\text{pc})^2} \right] = \frac{\text{erg}}{\text{s cm}^2 \text{Hz}}$$

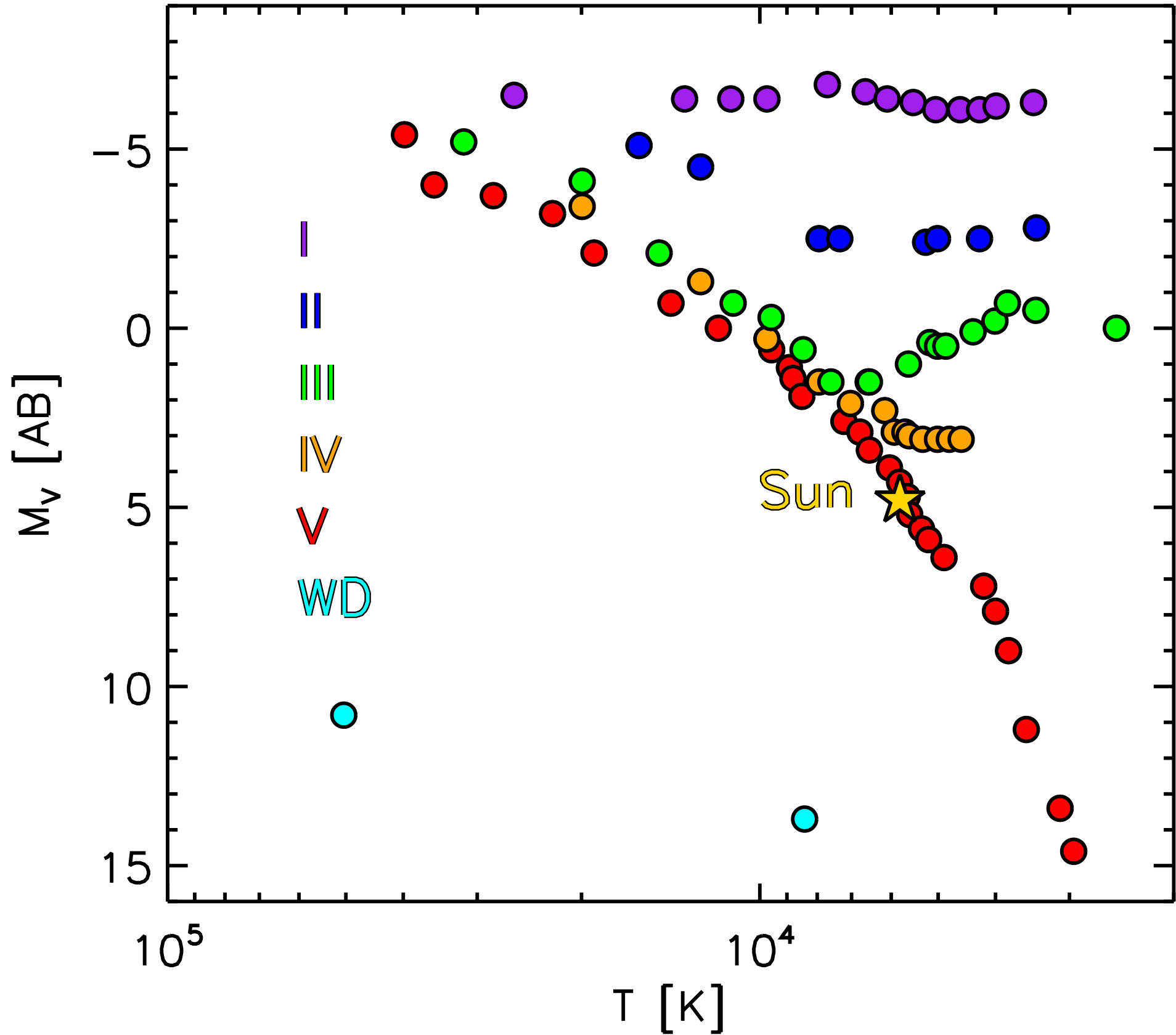
$$1) \frac{L_\nu(\nu)}{4\pi(10\text{pc})^2} = \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{from} \\ \text{star} \\ \text{template}}}{f_\lambda^*} \cdot \frac{\lambda_\lambda^*}{c} \equiv f_\nu^*$$

$$\vec{\nu}_{\text{filter}} = \frac{c}{\vec{\lambda}_{\text{filter}}}$$

$$\vec{\nu}^* = \frac{c}{\vec{\lambda}^*}$$

$$2) \text{Interpolate } \vec{\nu}^*, f_\nu^* @ \vec{\nu}_{\text{filter}}$$

H-R diagram - v1



H-R diagram - v2

